# The Gaia CCD radiation damage

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# **DPAC Radiation Task Force**

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#### Outline

CCD radiation damage: the problem The problem for GAIA and its TDI observations Astrometry, Photometry, RVS spectroscopy  $\diamond$  How big these effects are going to be? ♦ Experiments ♦ Modeling Cure Where we are now



Image credits: ESA

# Focal Plane – TDI mode

106 CCDs (4.5 x 2 kpix), 1 pixel 60 x 180 mas



### CCD clocking and charge transfer



http://learn.hamamatsu.com/tutorials/threephase/



# CCD radiation damage

- Solar radiation
  - Protons, heavy ions, electrons, neutrons, gamma rays, X-rays...
  - Event driven occasional high fluxes over short periods.
- Cosmic rays
  - Continuous low intensity
  - Heavy ions
- Ionization damage
  Bulk or displacement damage



Documents on livelink

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# Charge traps and transfer inefficiency (CTI)

Trapping Charges



Releasing Charges



# CTI effects in Gaia

Mission critical issue
 The effect of radiation damage is a combination of traps and releases (fast trapping and slow release, temperature dependent)

- Function of amplitude of the signal
- Radiation history of each pixel (including the background) gate activation etc.
- Possible charge injection
- Shape, amplitude, position of the signals
- Astrometry, Photometry, Spectroscopy



After radiation damage



13<sup>th</sup> mag G2V

Simulations by Alexander Short ESAC

### **CCD** Radiation Testing

 Astrium has carried out some CCD radiation tests:



A proton irradiation setup

# Astrium CCD radiation tests



#### Results from Gaia CCD radiation tests

Even though the difference between the two LSFs appears small, it is a big effect with respect to centroiding accuracy.



Adapted from "Status at PDR on Radiation Recovery activities" (GAIA.ASF.TCN.PLM.00071) Safa & Marchais (2007)

#### Charge loss



Astrium models of he charge loss as function of star magnitude and the background level Results obtained from the Astrium CCD radiation experiments. Source Astrium

### Calibration of Radiation damage at IDT level

- ♦ The idea is that the calibration of the radiation damage effects is at the Immediate Data Treatment level → CUs will receive "undamaged" data.
- Model to calibrate the data based on a small set of parameters: flux, radiation history, age of CCD, local transit history incl. back ground and non observed objects.
  - Correction at image level
  - Big change in the IDT pipeline
  - CUs must understand the model
- Current models based on a statistical macroscopic level
  - Safa & Marchais (2007), Brown (2007), GBIS
  - A. Short just came up with a 0.0.0 version of a physical model that reproduce ASTRIUM data.

Astrium analysis of CCD radiation tests still in progress

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#### **CTI** implementation in GBIS

by Michael Weiler, Carine Babusiaux GAIA-C2-SP-OPM-MW-002-D

- A very basic CTI simulation tool is available in GIBIS from cycle 4 on.
- This tool is based on the CTI model by Safa & Marchais (2007) and its implementation by Brown (2007).

#### What is good:

CUs have now and handy model to work with

#### What is not yet good:

- ◇ The CTI model is by now not available for the SM and the RVS.
- AC movements of sources cannot be taken into consideration.
- $\diamond$  Model not reliable for faint sources (<300e<sup>-</sup>)

# Conclusions

The CTI effects is an important source of uncertainty for GAIA astrometry and photometry.

We lack a full understanding of the CTI effects.

- First CCD irradiation experiments performed by Astrium
- Full analysis of the experiments is underway.
- Models are being developed
- Gaia DPAC radiation task force.