





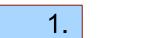


#### Java-based communication in a High Performance Computing environment

**Aidan Fries** 

University of Barcelona

Aidan Fries - Paris, 8th June 2010





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## **Overview of my PhD**

#### Use of Java for intensive applications in High Performance Computing (HPC) environments



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# **Overview of this presentation**

2

5 Sections:

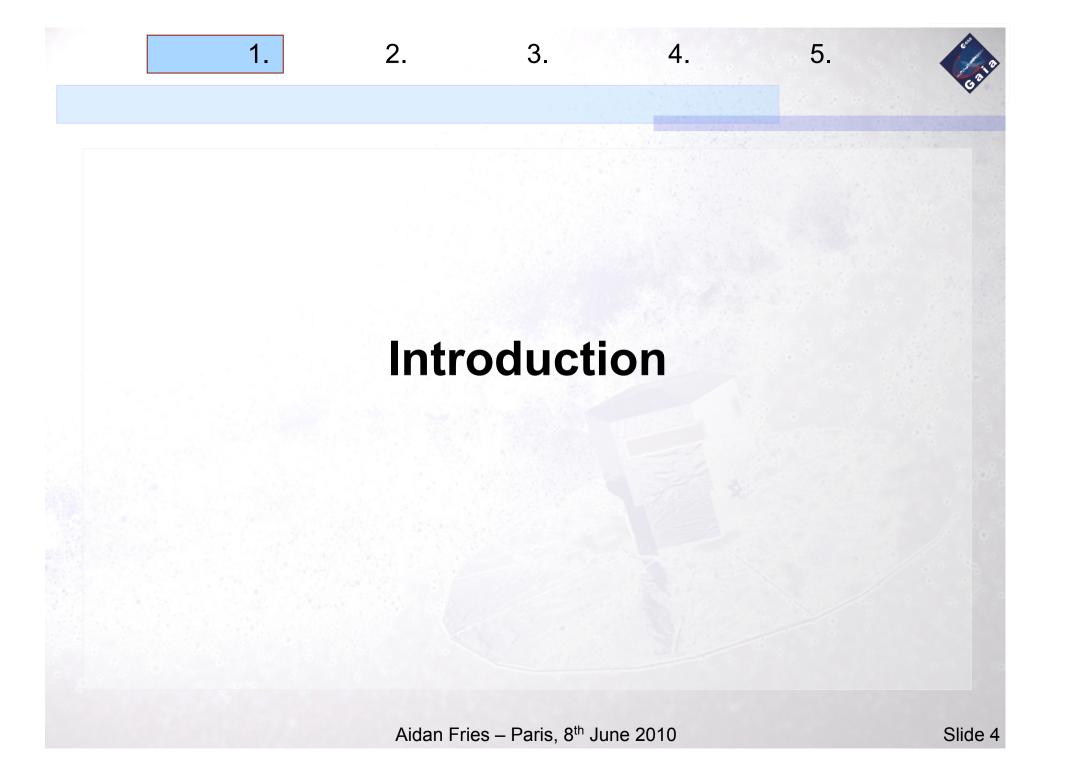
1.

- 1.Introduction
- 2.Intermediate Data Updating (IDU)

3.

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- **3.MPJ Express**
- 4.DpcbTools 5.Summary



# Introduction - Explanations:

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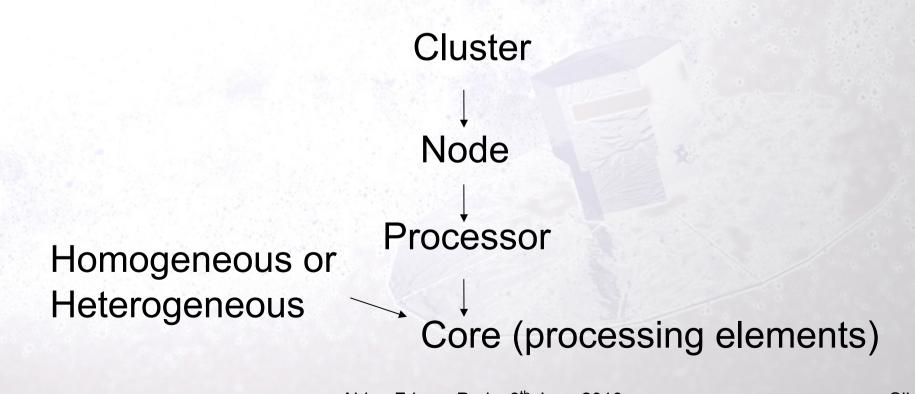
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High Performance Computing (HPC): the use of computer clusters or supercomputers (~above 1 Tflops) to solve large computational problems.

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# Introduction – Java in HPC

Java advantages:

1.

- OOP, modular, fast development, easily maintain
- Inherently multi-threaded
- Compile once, run anywhere

Militating against Java in HPC

**JIT Compiler** 

- Perception of poor performance
- Lack of Java based communication middleware – which are needed for communication strategies such as MPI

**MPJ Express** 

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## Introduction - MPI

Message Passing Interface (MPI): a language independent specification of an API that allows processes to communicate with each other.

Processes pass messages (data) amongst each other

API Overview: Point-point Send, Receive... Collective Broadcast, Scatter, Gather...

# **Introduction - DPCB**

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Data Processing Centre Barcelona (DPCB)

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- Barcelona Supercomputing Centre
  - Centre of Supercomputing of Catalonia (CESCA)

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MareNostrum – relevant info for this talk:

2560 nodes

Global Parallel File System (GPFS)

- High performance shared disk
- 270 TB

2 networks:

- Gigabit Ethernet GPFS
- Myrinet

## Intermediate Date Updating (IDU)

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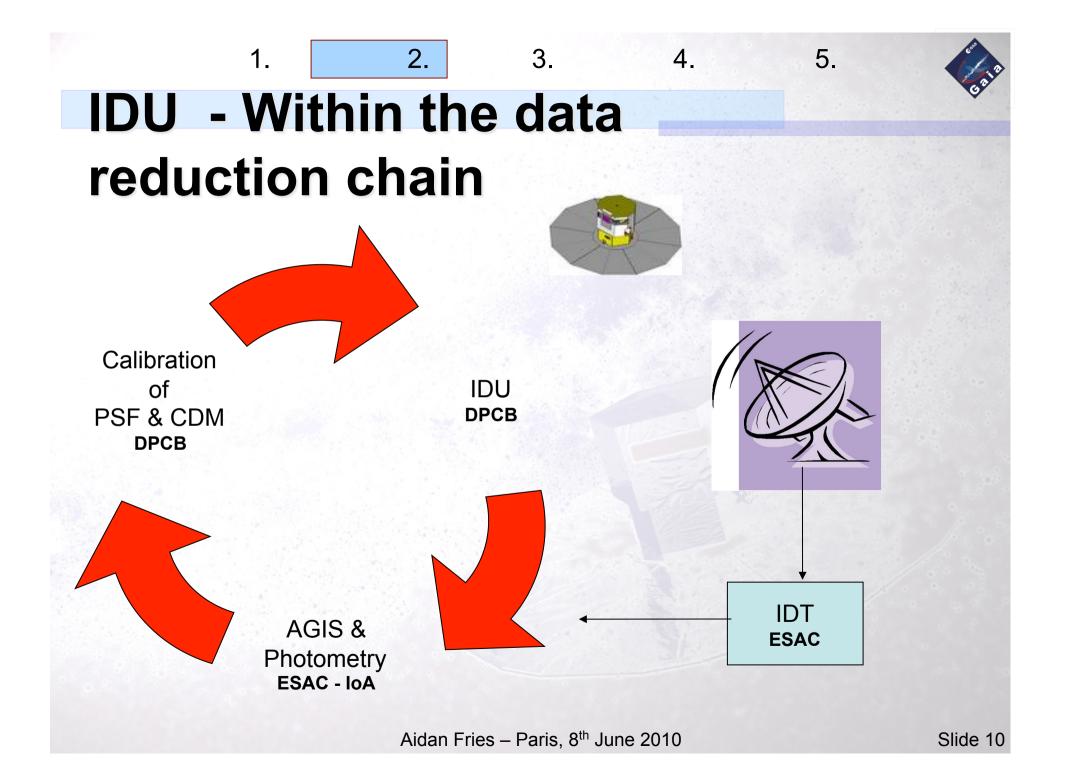
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# **IDU - Overview**

1.

Intermediate Data Updating (IDU)

2.

- Part of the core data reduction chain of processes
- Composed of a number of sub-processes
- Will run at the DPCB, one or more times per cycle.

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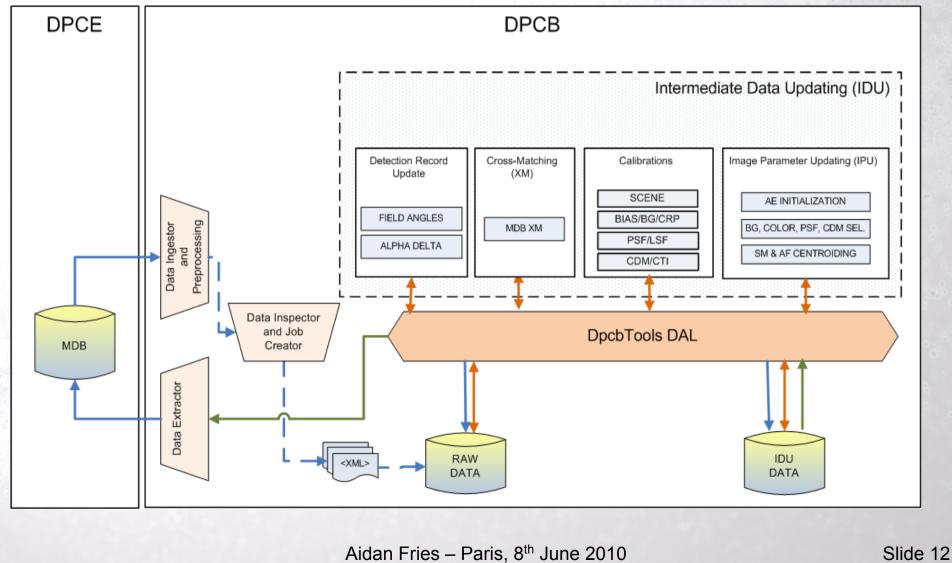
- All existing data processed each time.
- The most data intensive process within the reduction chain.

# It represents a large data management challenge

## **IDU - overview**

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# **IDU – scaling test results**

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Scaling tests:

1.

1.Increasing the number of nodes along with the number of job files2.Increasing the no. job files3.Increasing the number of nodes

Note: the purpose of these tests was not to test the current implementation of IDU (which is still quite basic), but instead, to test how well the system (including network speeds) scales



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# IDU – Scaling test1

Increasing the number of nodes along with the number of job files

Test	No. job files	No. nodes	No. tasks	No. tasks per node	No. job files per	Time Taken
					node	
1.1	20	1	4	4	20	1714
1.2	40	2	8	4	20	1708
1.3	80	4	16	4	20	1714
1.4	160	8	32	4	20	1786
1.5	320	16	64	4	20	1948
1.6	640	32	128	4	20	2174

Note: all times are given in seconds

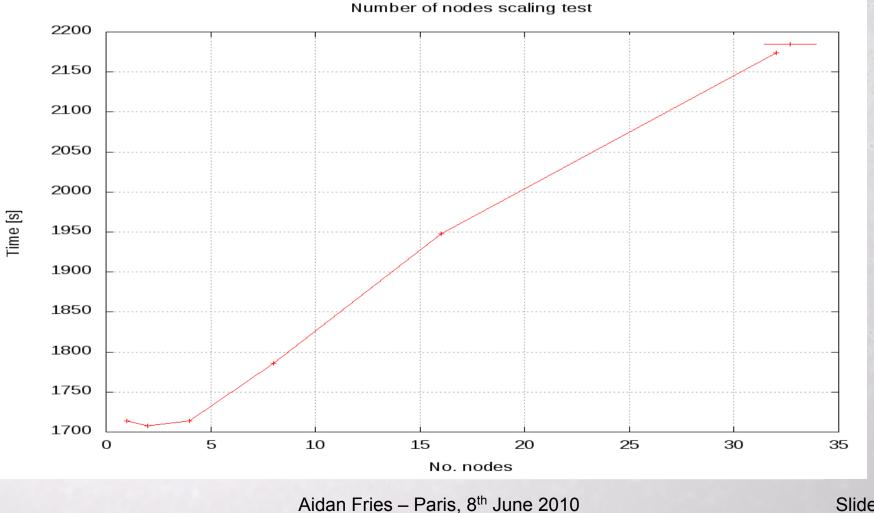
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Increasing no. of nodes along with no. of job files

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2.

Increasing the no. job files

1.

Test	No. job	No. nodes	No. tasks	No. tasks	No. job	Time
	files			per node	files per	Taken
					node	
2.1	20	4	16	4	5	554
2.2	40	4	16	4	10	914
2.3	60	4	16	4	15	1350
2.4	80	4	16	4	20	1696
2.5	100	4	16	4	25	2128
2.6	120	4	16	4	30	2516
2.7	140	4	16	4	35	2941
2.8	160	4	16	4	40	3294
2.9	180	4	16	4	45	3902
2.10	200	4	16	4	50	4129
2.11	220	4	16	4	55	4540
2.12	240	4	16	4	60	4871

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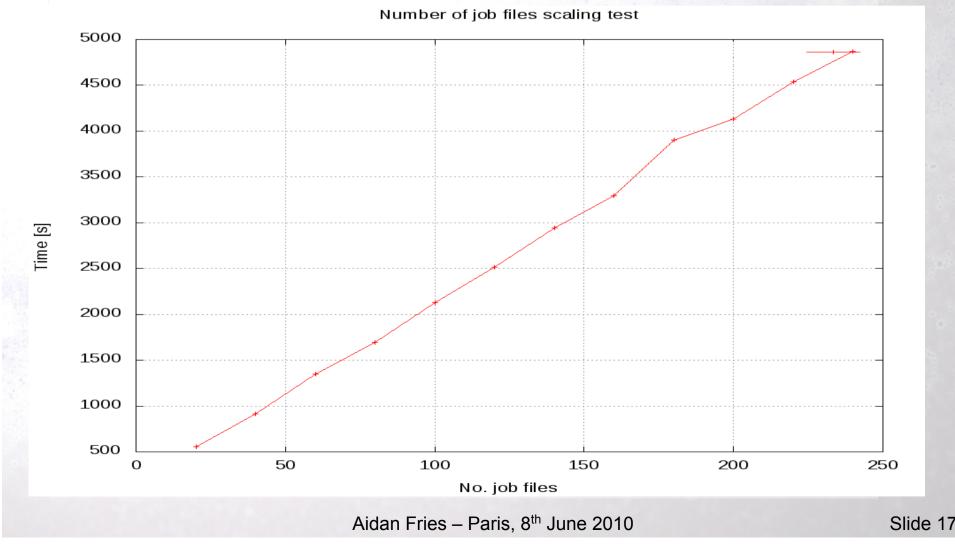
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#### Increrasing the no. of job files

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Increasing the no. job files

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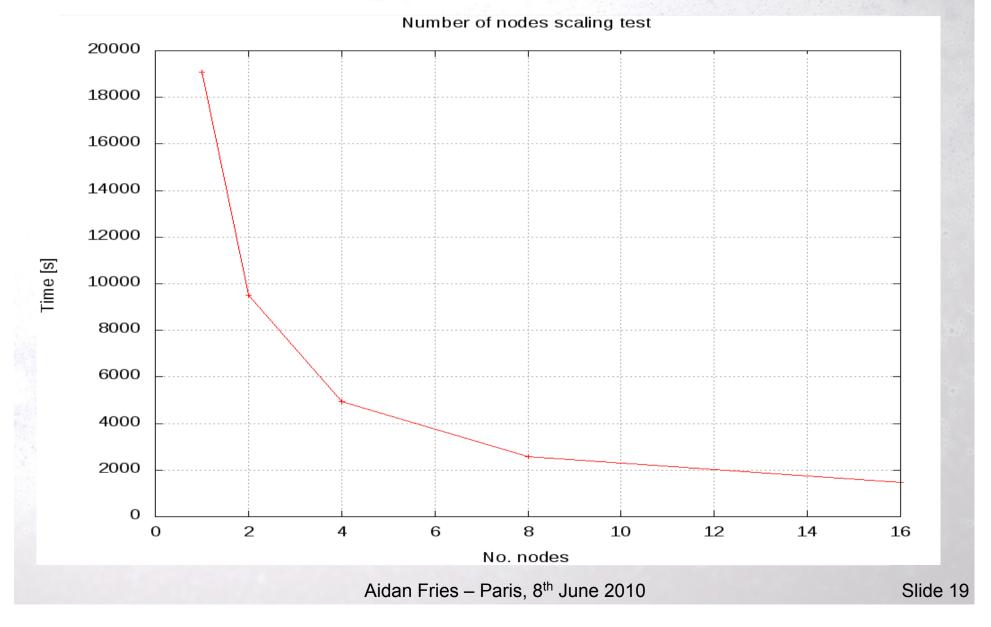
Test	No. jo	b No. nodes	No. tasks	No. tasks	No. job	Time	Percentage
	files			per node	files per	Taken	decrease in
					node		Time
3.1	240	1	4	4	240	19084	-
3.2	240	2	8	4	120	9504	50%
3.3	240	4	16	4	60	4932	48%
3.4	240	8	32	4	30	2588	47%
3.5	240	16	64	4	15	1465	43%

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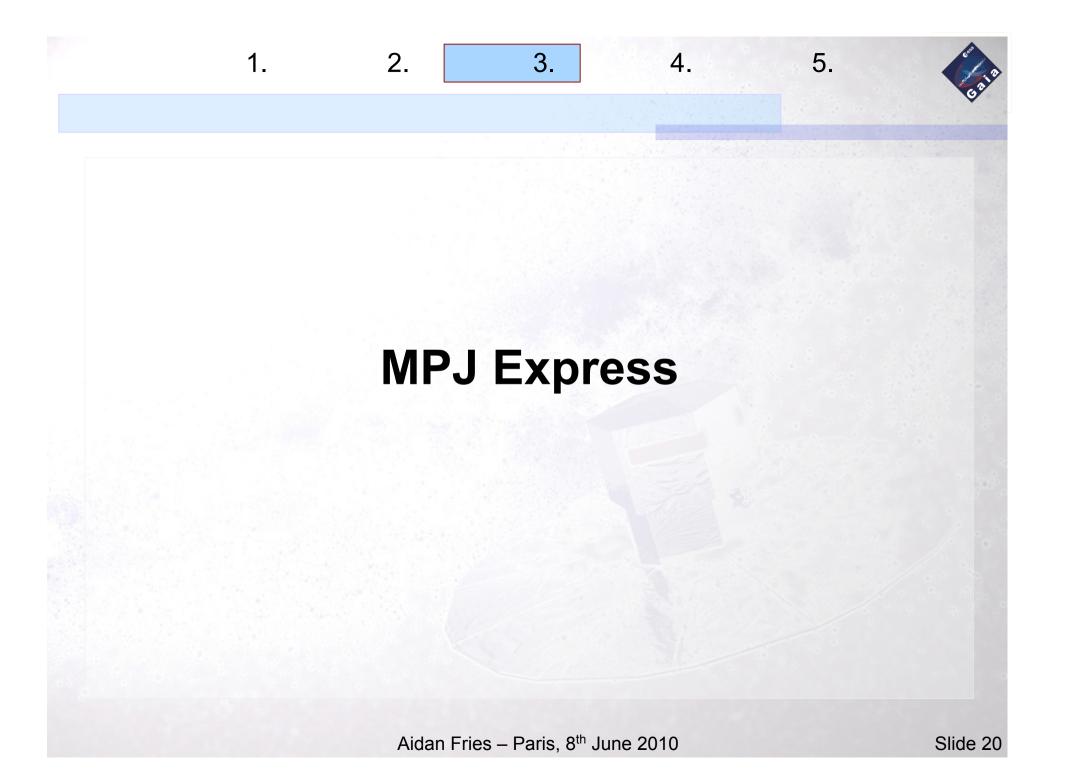
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# **MPI** implementations in Java

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1.

	a Impl.	Socket impl.		High-speed network support			API			
	Pure Java Impl.	Java IO	Java NIO	Myrinet	InfiniBand	SCI	mpiJava 1.2	JGF MPJ	Other APIs	
Jcluster	<b>√</b>	$\checkmark$							~	
Parallel Java	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	$\checkmark$							~	
mpiJava				~	~	~	<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>			]
P2P-MPI	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	$\checkmark$	✓				$\checkmark$			
MPJ Express	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>		<ul> <li>Image: A set of the set of the</li></ul>	~			✓			←
MPJ/Ibis	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$				~		
F-MPJ	<ul> <li>Image: A start of the start of</li></ul>	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			←

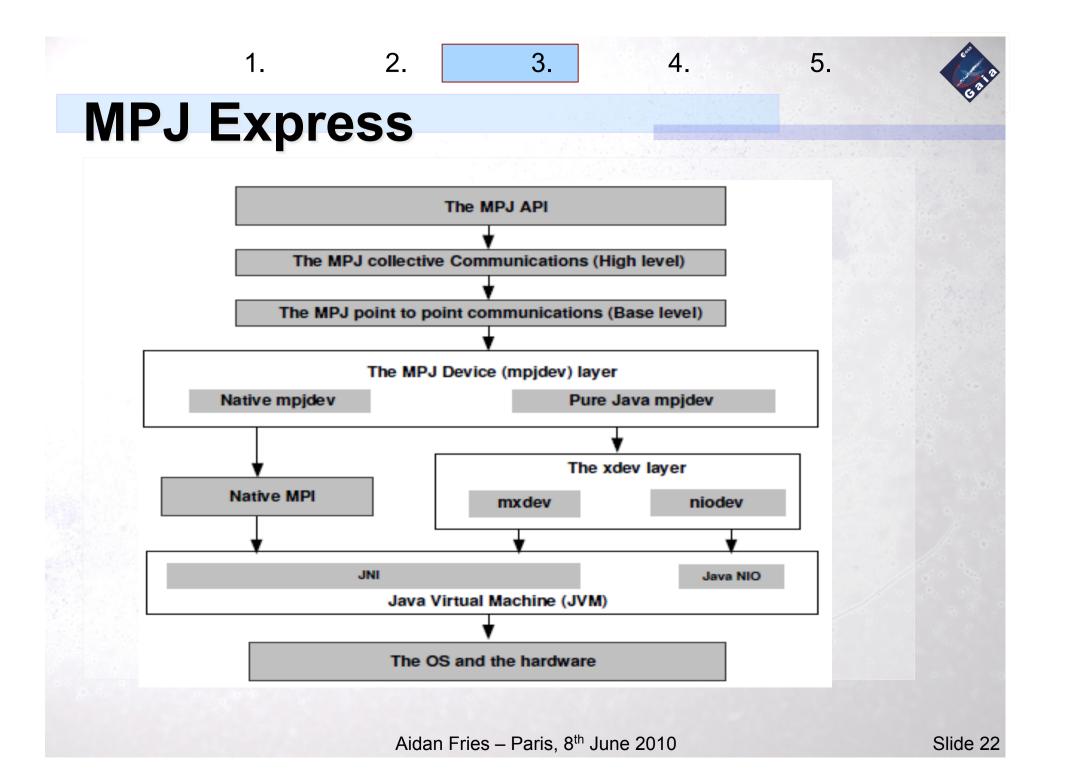
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3.

Job Script

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#### 5.

# **MPJ Express - running**

2.

#!/usr/bin/csh
#
# @ initialdir = .
# @ job\_name = myr\_2\_2
# @ output = myr\_2\_2%j.out
# @ error = myr\_2\_2%j.err
# @ total\_tasks = 2
# @ tasks\_per\_node = 1
# @ wall\_clock\_limit = 00:05:00

# writing machine name to file
/usr/local/bin/sl\_get\_machine\_list -j \$SLURM\_JOBID > machines

# start mpj daemon mpjboot machines

sleep 1

# start the test mpjrun.sh -np 2 -dev mxdev -Djava.library.path=\$MPJ\_HOME/lib PingPong 100 1 4194304

# kill mpj daemon mpjhalt machines

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# **MPJ Express – Gigabit Ethernet**

Starting process <1> on <s19c2b08> Starting process <0> on <s19c2b05>

PingPongBench with 2 process and 100 iterations per array sizeT Min(s)T Avg(s)T(us)Bw(MB/s)NPROCS size0.0001210.0001461210.0083210.0001461400.016000

0.000121	0.000110	121	0.0000	-	-
0.000118	0.000195	118	0.0169	2	2
0.000119	0.000149	119	0.0336	2	4
0.000126	0.000196	125	0.0636	2	8
0.000119	0.000151	119	0.1342	2	16
0.000127	0.000166	126	0.2523	2	32
0.000122	0.000229	122	0.5243	2	64
0.000123	0.000166	122	1.0445	2	128
0.000133	0.000158	132	1.9312	2	256
0.000137	0.000162	136	3.7413	2	512
0.000152	0.000180	151	6.7531	2	1024
0.000173	0.000215	173	11.8319	2	2048
0.000187	0.000220	186	21.9131	2	4096
0.000215	0.000323	214	38.1774	2	8192
0.000286	0.000315	285	57.3618	2	16384
0.000434	0.000462	434	75.4330	2	32768
0.000747	0.000789	747	87.7084	2	65536
0.001932	0.002359	1932	67.8376	2	131072
0.003179	0.003554	3179	82 4592	2	262144
0.005907	0.006404	5906	88.7634	2	524288
0.011266	0.011671	11266	93.0725	2	1048576
0.021793	0.022515	21793	96.2289	2	2097152
0.043041	0.044247	43040	97.4496	2	4194304
PingPongBench	***** TEST	COMPLETED	*****		

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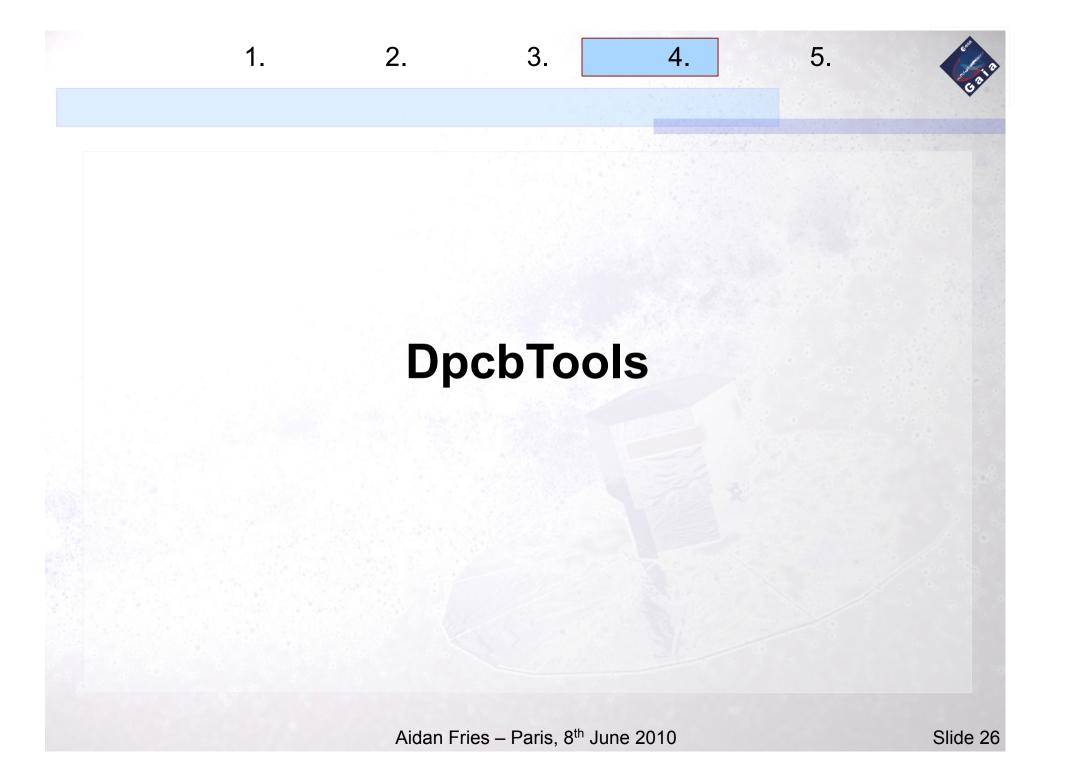
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2.

Starting process <0> on <s10c5b06> Starting process <1> on <s12c3b06> PingPongBench with 2 process and 100 iterations per array size T Min(s) T Avg(s) T(us) Bw(MB/s) NPROCS size 0.000038 0.000027 260.0374 2 1 2 2 0.000027 0.000036 0.0749 26 27 2 4 0.000038 0.000027 0.14722 8 0.000028 0.000050 0.289327 2 0.000028 0.000038 27 0.5785 16 2 0.000029 0.000043 28 1.1185 32 2.23702 0.000029 0.000040 28 64 2 0.000029 0.000039 4.4006 29 128 2 8.8012 256 0.000029 0.000038 29 2 0.000031 0.000045 30 16.7773 512 2 0.000030 0.000046 29 34.6367 1024 2 0.000035 0.000044 34 58.8345 2048 2 0.000043 0.000055 43 94.3953 4096 123.5959 2 0.000066 0.000106 66 8192 2 0.000111 0.000127 110 148.1026 16384 0.000249 0.000276 249 131.3947 2 32768 2 0.000400 0.000450 399 164.0083 65536 0.000704 0.000754 703 186.2317 2 131072 194.2600 2 262144 0.0013490.0014241349 2 0.002819 0.002906 2818 186.0111 524288 2 180.2626 1048576 0.005992 0.005817 5816 2 0.011607 0.011704 11607 180.6773 2097152 2 2 0.023186 23186 0.023504 180.8965 4194304 PingPongBench \*\*\*\*\*\* TEST COMPLETED \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

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# **DpcbTools**

1.

Common toolbox for Gaia software running at DPCB. Allow Gaia software to make best use of available hardware.

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Functionality to include:

DAL – to allow access to the data repositories

2

- Creation, launching and controlling jobs
- Monitoring
- Communication
  - Built on top of MPJ Express/F-MPJ

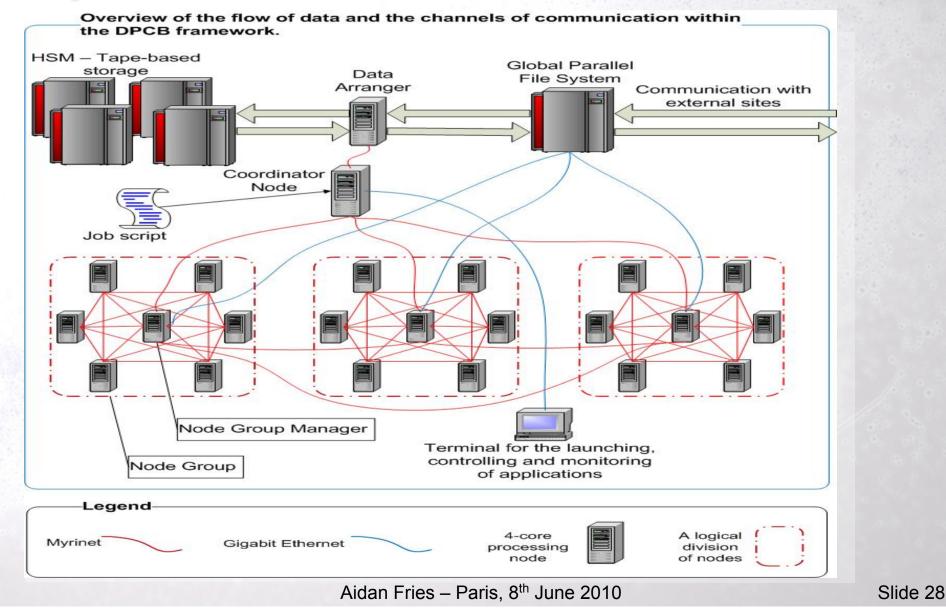
#### 11...

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## **DpbcTools - communication**



# Summary

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 Java not commonly used in HPC – but great potential

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- MPJ Express stable, extendable java implementation of MPI
- DpcbTools could make use of MPJ Express to allow for data distribution, collection at DPCB